IBM MQ AMQP WHAT IS IT? IS IT REQUIRED?

E-BOOK

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What is AMQP?

The Advanced Message Queuing Protocol (AMQP) is an open standard for passing business messages between applications or organisations. It connects systems, feeds business processes with the information they need and reliably transmits onward the instructions that achieve their goals.

The key feature of AMQP is rapid and guaranteed message deliveries, along with reliability and message acknowledgments. These features assist in the distribution of messages in a multi-client environment, in the delegation of time-consuming tasks and aiding servers to deal with immediate requests faster. The AMQP protocol has the capability to globally share and monitor updates and communicate between different systems, applications and platforms.

As part of the IBM MQ install process, the AMQP package can be selected.

	Install this component to make AMQP		
	channels available. AMQP channels support		
AMOD Comino	MQ Light APIs. You can use AMQP channels to		
AMQP Service	give AMQP applications access to the		
	enterprise-level messaging facilities provided		
	by IBM MQ.		

However, if AMQP is not selected for installation, the default objects for it are created upon the creation of a queue manager. These include:

- SYSTEM.AMQP.SERVICE - a service to enable the use of AMQP

- SYSTEM.DEF.AMQP – the default channel for AMQP connectivity

Is AMQP Required?

Advanced Message Queuing Protocol acts on the application layer, establishing a common base, allowing different organisations and applications, utilising different languages to communicate with each other.

AMQP ensures a robust data transfer, while also allowing messages to be stored in a queue, advocating asynchronous communication between sender and recipient. Messages are queued and collected when capacity becomes available, freeing the message producer to continue working with no idle time.

The protocol brings great benefits including;

- Connections to business partners systems and applications,
- Connections across multiple platforms and systems
- Asynchronous communication
- Reduced costs associated with application integration
- Resource light
- Open-source standard

Introduced under IBM MQ V9, MQ Light is based on the OASIS Standard AMQP 1.0 wire protocol. AMQP specifies how messages are sent between senders and receivers. An application acts as a sender when it sends a message to a message broker, such as IBM MQ. IBM MQ acts as a sender when it sends a message to an AMQP application.

In an environment where applications already use AMQP and it is a requirement to extend its province then linking to IBM MQ can ensure that extension. However, if AMQP is not already being implemented, then it is not required and does not need to be installed. At a later date the functionality can be installed separately and the IBM MQ objects are already in place to integrate the two protocols.

Control of AMQP Objects

Default Locations

Within the standard install of IBM MQ, a directory structure and associated files are created. Any AMQP interaction is controlled at queue manager level and under the standard default directory structure of: /var/mqm/qmgrs/<QueueManager>, a folder is created call amqp

@app	angelchk.fil	channel	master	procdef	scratch	topic
@ipcc 🧹	amqp	clntconn	mqat.ini	qm.ini	services	userdata
@qmgr	outhinf0	comminfo	mqxr	qmanager	ssl	
@qmpersist	autocfg	errors	namelist	qmstatus.ini	standby	
active	blockaddr.ini	listener	plugcomp	queues	startprm	

Unless the intention is to use AMQP this folder can be deleted.

Object Control

Any IBM MQ AMQP objects can be controlled via the standard IBM MQ interfaces (i.e. using runmqsc to stop, start, delete, etc). However, it is recommended NOT to delete the SYSYTEM.DEF.AMQP channel as a precaution against issues within IBM MQ.



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Logging of AMQP

Location

AMQP creates its own log outside of the standard IBM MQ (AMQERR***.LOG) logs. This location can be configured for a remote location if required by amending the qm.ini file.

The standard location of /var/mqm/errors is used by default and the amqp log can be seen there.

drwxrwsrwx	2	1001	root	4096	Dec	17	10:44	
drwxrwsr-x	1	1001	root	4096	Dec	17	10:22	
- rw- rw- r	1	1001	root	2391	Dec	17	10:30	AMQERR01.LOG
- rw- rw- r	1	1001	root	1701	Dec	17	10:30	AMQERR01.json
- rw- rw- r	1	1001	root	Θ	Dec	17	10:22	AMQERR02.LOG
- rw- rw- r	1	1001	root	Θ	Dec	17	10:22	AMQERR02.json
- rw- rw- r	1	1001	root	Θ	Dec	17	10:22	AMQERR03.LOG
- rw- rw- r	1	1001	root	0	Dec	17	10:22	AMQERR03.json
- rw- r r	1	1001	root	2683	Dec	17	10:3	amqpasdev.log

Content

The content of each log entry is configurable but by default it contains

- user
- application name
- application ID
- environment
- application PID
- application TID
- completion code
- reason code

Local time: Fri Dec 17 10:22:15 2021 UTC time: Fri Dec 17 10:22:15 2021 User : "mqm "



EffUser : "mqm AppName : "runmqsc ApIdDt : " Env : "MQSC" App Pid : 313 App Tid : 1 UID : mqm PAS-Compcode:1 PAS-Reasoncode:0

Whenever an application, within IBM MQ or external to IBM MQ, connects with or touches an IBM MQ object an entry is written to the log.

WARNING: This is ON by default, so limited space is an issue; consider the log size as it is not fixed and will continue to grow until the file system space is exhausted.



Configuration of AMQP

Configuration

AMQP is linked to the AuthorizationService, within the Service stanza, included as default within the qm.ini file.

Service: Name=AuthorizationService EntryPoints=14

SecurityPolicy=User

There are two entries relevant to AMQP configuration within the qm.ini file

Functional (required)

ServiceComponent:

- Service=AuthorizationService
- Name=MQSeries.UNIX.auth.service
- Module=amqzfu
- ComponentDataSize=0

Logging (optional)

ServiceComponent: Service=AuthorizationService Name=Dev.HtpAuth.Service Module=/opt/mqm/lib64/amqpasdev.so ComponentDataSize=0

The service is defined in such a manner that if no logging is required it can be removed from the qm.ini file. However, the AuthorizationService is a requirement of any secure IBM MQ install so the Functional portion should **always** be included.

AMQP in Container Images

Information

As with any Container environment e.g. Docker, automatic rebuilds are assumed and so certain constraints are set on the Queue Manage. Hence, set values are stored outside of IBM MQ paths so that any changes to configuration within the IBM MQ paths are valid. However, when a Queue Manager is restarted the default Queue Manager configuration is used and, therefore, permanent changes need to be made to configuration files to ensure they are not lost.

Typically these permanent configurations are stored under /etc/mqm

- FW- FW	1	1001	root	132	Dec	17	10:22 mg htpssoud
-rw-rr	1	1001	root	126	Dec	17	11:34 gm-service-component.ini
- FW- FW- F	1	root	root	178	Dec	16	11:13 gminisetup.tml
drwxrwsr-x	1	1001	root	4096	Sep	15	2020 web

In order to ensure that the AMQP logging does not start again on Queue Manager restart, the qm-servicecomponent.ini file should be edited to remove the Logging component.

Note: this can be reinstated at a later date if required.

Once the file is updated and the Queue Manager restarted then logging will stop or start depending on actions made.



THIS DOCUMENT WAS PRODUCED AS A GUIDE TO IBM MQ AMQP SUB-PROCESSES.

FOR MORE INFORMATION OR TO DISCUSS AMQP AND IBM MQ PLEASE CONTACT W3PARTNERSHIP 0845 868 5041 INFO@W3PARTNERSHIP.COM

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References

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